

Members' Code of Conduct

PART 1

General Provisions

Introduction

1. (1) Gedling Borough Council is committed to promoting and maintaining high standards of conduct by Members and co-opted Members of the Council. The actions of those who represent the Council impact on how the Council as a whole is viewed. Misconduct can seriously damage the effectiveness and reputation of the Council and will not be tolerated. Those serving their communities must adhere to the high standards expected of them to promote public confidence in local democracy.
- (2) This Code of Conduct has been adopted by the Council under Section 27 of the Localism Act 2011 and sets out the standards that Members are expected to observe.

Interpretation

2. (1) This Code applies to you as a Member of the Council.
- (2) It is your responsibility to comply with the provisions of this Code. Failure to do so may result in a sanction being imposed by the Council. Failure to take appropriate action in respect of a disclosable Pecuniary Interest may result in a criminal conviction.
- (3) In this Code:
"meeting" means any meeting of:
 - (a) the Council;
 - (b) the executive of the Council;
 - (c) any of the Council's or its Executive's committees, sub-committees, joint committees, joint sub-committees, or area committees;

"Member" includes a co-opted member or an appointed member.

Scope

3. (1) Subject to sub-paragraphs (2) and (3), you must comply with this Code whenever you:
 - (a) Conduct the business of the Council (which, in this Code, includes the business of the office to which you are elected or appointed); or
 - (b) act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting as a representative of the Council;and references to your official capacity are construed accordingly.

- (2) Where you act as a representative of the Council:
- (a) on another relevant authority, you must, when acting for that other authority, comply with that other authority's Code of Conduct; or
 - (b) on any other body, you must, when acting for that other body, comply with this Code of Conduct, except and insofar as it conflicts with any other lawful obligations to which that other body may be subject.
- (3) This Code does not have effect in relation to your conduct other than where it is in your official capacity.

The Seven Principles of Public Life

4. You must observe the following general principles:

Selflessness

You should take decisions solely in terms of the public interest. You should not do so in order to gain financial or other material benefits for yourself, your family or your friends.

Integrity

You should not place yourself under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might influence you in the performance of your official duties.

Objectivity

In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits, you should make choices on merit.

Accountability

You are accountable for your decisions and actions to the public and must submit yourself to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to your office.

Openness

You should be as open as possible about all the decisions and actions that you take. You should give reasons for your decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

Honesty

You have a duty to declare any private interests relating to your public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

Leadership

You should promote and support these principles by leadership and example.

General Obligations

5. (1) You must:

- (a) treat others with respect, including the organisations and public you engage with and those you work alongside.
- (b) value your colleagues and staff and engage with them in an appropriate manner and one that underpins the mutual respect between you that is essential to good local government.

(2) You must not:

- (a) do anything which may cause the Council to breach the Equality Act 2010;
- (b) bully any person;
- (c) intimidate or attempt to intimidate any person who is or is likely to be:
 - (i) a complainant;
 - (ii) a witness;
 - (iii) involved in the administration of any investigation or proceedings, in relation to an allegation that a member (including yourself) has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct; or
- (d) do anything which compromises or is likely to compromise the impartiality of those who work for, or on behalf of, the Council.

6. You must not:

- (a) disclose information given to you in confidence by anyone, or information acquired by you which you believe, or ought reasonably to be aware, is of a confidential nature, except where:
 - (i) you have the consent of a person authorised to give it;
 - (ii) you are required by law to do so;
 - (iii) the disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional advice provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or
 - (iv) the disclosure is:
 - (aa) reasonable and in the public interest; and
 - (bb) made in good faith and in compliance with the reasonable requirements of the Council; or
- (b) prevent another person from gaining access to information to which that person is entitled by law.

7. You must not conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing your office or the Council into disrepute.

8. You must:

- (a) not use or attempt to use your position as a member improperly to confer on or secure for yourself or any other person, an advantage or disadvantage;

- (b) when using or authorising the use by others of the resources of the Council:
 - (i) act in accordance with the Council's reasonable requirements; and
 - (ii) ensure that such resources are not used improperly for political purposes (including party political purposes);
 - (c) have regard to any applicable Local Authority Code of Publicity made under the Local Government Act 1986;
 - (d) behave in accordance with all legal obligations, alongside any requirements contained within the Council's policies, protocols and procedures.
9. (1) When reaching decisions on any matter you must listen to the interests of all parties and have regard to relevant advice provided to you by:
- (a) The Council's Chief Finance Officer; or
 - (b) The Council's Monitoring Officer;
- (where that officer is acting pursuant to his or her statutory duties) and other professional officers, taking all relevant information into consideration, remaining objective and making decisions on merit.
- (2) You must:
- (a) exercise independent judgement and not compromise your position by placing yourself under obligations to outside individuals or organisations who might seek to influence the way you perform your duties as a member.
 - (b) contribute to making the Council's decision-making processes as open and transparent as possible to enable residents to understand the reasoning behind those decisions and to be informed when holding you and other members to account.
 - (c) be accountable for your decisions and co-operate when scrutinised internally and externally, including by local residents.
10. You must:
- (a) champion the needs of residents – the whole community and your constituents, including those who did not vote for you – and put their interests first.
 - (b) deal with representations, or enquiries from residents, members of our communities and visitors fairly, appropriately and impartially.
 - (c) not allow other pressures, including your financial interests or others connected to you, to deter you from pursuing constituents casework, the interests of the Council's area or the good governance of the Council in a proper manner.
11. You must provide leadership by behaving in accordance with these principles when championing the interests of the community with other organisations as well as within the Council.

PART 2

Interests

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

12.(1) You have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any business of the Council where it is of a description set out in paragraph 12(2) and either:

- (a) it is an interest of yours; or
- (b) it is an interest of your spouse or civil partner and you are aware that the other person has the interest; or
- (c) it is an interest of a person with whom you are living as husband and wife and you are aware that the other person has the interest; or
- (d) it is an interest of a person with whom you are living as if you were civil partners and you are aware that the other person has the interest.

(2) Disclosable pecuniary interests are defined in the Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012 as follows –

Interest

Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation

Prescribed description

Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.

Sponsorship

Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the Council) made or provided within the previous 12 months (up to and including the date of notification of the interest) in respect of any expenses incurred by you carrying out duties as a member, or towards your election expenses.

This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.

Contracts

Any contract which is made between you, your spouse or civil partner or person with whom you are living as a spouse or civil partner (or a body in which you or they have a beneficial interest) and the Council:

- (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and
- (b) which has not been fully discharged.

For this purpose "body in which you or they have a beneficial interest" means a firm in which the relevant person is a partner or a body corporate of which the relevant person is a director, or in the securities of which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.

"Director" includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society.

Land Any beneficial interest in land which is within the Council's area.

For this purpose "land" excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for you, your spouse, civil partner or person with whom you are living as a spouse or civil partner (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income.

Licences Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the Council's area for a month or longer.

Corporate tenancies Any tenancy where (to your knowledge):

(a) the landlord is the Council; and

(b) the tenant is a body in which you, your spouse or civil partner or a person you are living with as a spouse or civil partner has a beneficial interest

Securities Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where:

(a) that body (to your knowledge) has a place of business or land in the Council's area; and

(b) either:

i) The total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or

ii) If the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which you, your spouse or civil partner or person with whom you are living as a spouse or civil partner has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

For this purpose, "securities" means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests in matters considered at meetings

13.(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) and (3), where you are:

- (a) present at a meeting of the Council; and
- (b) have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any matter to be considered, or being considered at the meeting; and
- (c) you are aware that you have such an interest, you must:
 - (i) disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the commencement of that consideration, or when the interest becomes apparent, whether or not such interest is registered in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members or for which you have made a pending notification; and
 - (ii) not participate or participate further, in any discussion of the matter at the meeting; or participate in any vote, or further vote, taken on the matter at the meeting; and
 - (iii) in accordance with the Council's Standing Orders, withdraw from the room or chamber where a meeting considering the business is being held:
 - aa) in the case where sub-paragraph (3) applies, immediately after making representations, answering questions or giving evidence;
 - bb) in any other case, wherever it becomes apparent that the business is being considered at that meeting;unless you have obtained a dispensation from the Council's Standards Committee or Monitoring Officer.

(2) Where you have a disclosable pecuniary interest which by virtue of paragraph 19 is considered to be a sensitive interest, you must indicate to the meeting that you have a disclosable pecuniary interest in the matter concerned, but need not disclose the details of the interest to the meeting.

(3) Where you have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any business of the Council, you may attend a meeting (including a meeting of the overview and scrutiny committee of the Council or of a sub-committee of such a committee) but only for the purpose of making representations, answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business, provided that the public are also allowed to attend the meeting for the same purpose, whether under a statutory right or otherwise.

(4) Where the interest is not entered in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members and is not the subject of a pending notification, you must notify the Council's Monitoring Officer of the interest in writing before the end of 28 days beginning with the date of the meeting.

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests in matters considered by a single member

14.(1) Where:

- (a) a function of the Council may be discharged by you acting alone;
- (b) you have a disclosable pecuniary interest in any matter to be to be dealt with, or being dealt with, by you in the course of discharging that function; and
- (c) you are aware that you have such an interest,
you must not take any steps, or any further steps, in relation to the matter (except for the purpose of enabling the matter to be dealt with otherwise than by the member).

(2) Where the interest is not entered in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members and is not the subject of a pending notification, you must notify the Council's Monitoring Officer of the interest in writing before the end of 28 days beginning with the date when you became aware that the condition in sub-paragraph 14(1)(c) is met in relation to the matter.

Criminal offences relating to Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

15.(1) You will commit an offence if, without reasonable excuse, you –

- (a) Fail to notify the Council's Monitoring Officer within 28 days of your election of any disclosable pecuniary interests which you have at the time when the notification is given.
- (b) Fail to disclose a disclosable pecuniary interest in any matter to be considered, or being considered, to the meeting where that interest is not entered in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members.
- (c) Fail to notify the Council's Monitoring Officer of any disclosable pecuniary interest that you have disclosed to a meeting, where that interest is not already entered in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members or subject to a pending notification, before the end of 28 days beginning with the date of the meeting.
- (d) Are an executive member and you fail to notify the Council's Monitoring Officer of any disclosable pecuniary interest that you have in any matter to be to be dealt with, or being dealt with, by you in the course of discharging that executive function, where that interest is not entered in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members or subject to a pending notification, before the end of 28 days beginning with the date that you became aware of such an interest.

- (e) participate, or participate further, in any discussion of a matter in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest, or participate in any vote, or further vote, taken on any such matter.
- (f) Are an executive member and you take any steps, or any further steps, in relation to any matter to be to be dealt with, or being dealt with, by you in the course of discharging that executive function in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest (except for the purpose of enabling the matter to be dealt with otherwise than by you).
- (g) Provide information that is false or misleading when notifying the Monitoring Officer of a disclosable pecuniary interest or in disclosing such interest to a meeting and you:
 - i. know that the information is false or misleading, or
 - ii. are reckless as to whether the information is true and not misleading.

Interests other than Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

Non-pecuniary Interests

16.(1) You have a non-pecuniary interest in any business of the Council where either:

(a) It relates to or is likely to affect:

- (i) any body of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management and to which you are appointed or nominated by the Council;
- (ii) any body:
 - (aa) exercising functions of a public nature;
 - (bb) directed to charitable purposes; or
 - (cc) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union).

of which you are a member or in a position of general control or management;

- (iii) any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on by you not for profit or gain;
- (iv) any easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for you (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income;
- (v) the interests of any person from whom you have received a gift or hospitality with an estimated value of at least £50;

or

(b) A decision in relation to that business might reasonably be regarded as

affecting your well-being or financial position or the well-being or financial position of:

- (i) a member of your family or any person with whom you have a close association;
- (ii) any person or body who employs or has appointed such persons, any firm in which they are a partner, or any company of which they are directors;
- (iii) any person or body in whom such persons have a beneficial interest in a class of securities exceeding the nominal value of £25,000; or
- (iv) any body of a type described in sub-paragraph (1)(a)(i) or (ii).

to a greater extent than the majority of other council tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the electoral division or ward, as the case may be, affected by the decision.

Disclosure of Non-pecuniary Interests

- 17.(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) to (6), where you have a non-pecuniary interest in any business of the Council and you attend a meeting of the Council at which the business is considered, you must disclose to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest at the commencement of that consideration, or when the interest becomes apparent.
- (2) Where you have a non-pecuniary interest in any business of the Council which relates to or is likely to affect a person described in paragraph 16(1)(a)(i) or 16(1)(a)(ii)(aa), you need only disclose to the meeting the existence and nature of that interest when you address the meeting on that business.
- (3) Sub-paragraph (1) only applies where you are aware or ought reasonably to be aware of the existence of the non-pecuniary interest.
- (4) Where you have a non-pecuniary interest but, by virtue of paragraph 19 it is considered to be a sensitive interest, you must indicate to the meeting that you have a non-pecuniary interest in the matter concerned, but need not disclose the details of the interest to the meeting.
- (5) Where you have a non-pecuniary interest in any business of the Council and you have made an executive decision in relation to that business, you must ensure that any written statement of that decision records the existence and nature of that interest.
- (6) In this paragraph "executive decision" is to be construed in accordance with any regulations made by the Secretary of State under Section 22 of the Local Government Act 2000.
- (7) Subject to paragraphs (8) and (9) below, if you have a non-pecuniary interest in any business of the Council you may participate, vote and remain in the room or chamber where a meeting considering the business is being held unless your interest is one which a member of the public with knowledge of the relevant facts would reasonably regard as so significant that it is likely to

prejudice your judgement of the public interest.

- (8) If you have a non-pecuniary interest in any business of the Council you may participate, vote and remain in the room or chamber where a meeting considering the business is being held where that business relates to the functions of the Council in respect of:
- (i) housing, where you are a tenant of your authority provided that those functions do not relate particularly to your tenancy or lease;
 - (ii) statutory sick pay under Part XI of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992, where you are in receipt of, or are entitled to the receipt of, such pay;
 - (iii) an allowance, payment or indemnity given to members;
 - (iv) any ceremonial honour given to members; and
 - (v) setting council tax or a precept under the Local Government Finance Act 1992.
- (9) Where you have a non-pecuniary interest in any business of the Council in the circumstances set out in paragraph (7) above, you may remain in the room or chamber where a meeting considering the business is being held for the purpose of making representations, answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business, provided that the public are also allowed to attend the meeting for the same purpose, whether under a statutory right or otherwise.

Gifts and Hospitality

- 17.(1) You must, within 28 days of receipt, notify the Council's Monitoring Officer in writing of any gift, benefit or hospitality with a value in excess of £50.00 which you have accepted as a member from any person or body other than the authority.
- (2) Any gifts or hospitality notified to the Monitoring Officer will be included in the register of interests of gifts and hospitality.
- (3) The duty to notify the Monitoring officer does not apply where the gift or hospitality comes within any description approved by the Council for this purpose.

PART 3

Register of interests of members and co-opted members

18.(1) Subject to paragraph 19, you must, within 28 days of:

- (a) this Code being adopted by the Council, or
- (b) your election or appointment to office (where that is later),

register in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members (maintained under Section 29(1) of the Localism Act 2011) details of all disclosable pecuniary interests and non-pecuniary interests you have at the time the notification is given by providing written notification to the Council's Monitoring Officer.

- (2) Where you become a member or co-opted member of the Council as a result of re-election or re-appointment, sub-paragraph (1) applies only as regards interests not entered in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members when the notification is given.
- (3) You must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any new interests or change to any interests registered under paragraph (1), register details of that new interests or change by providing written notification to the Council's Monitoring Officer.
- (4) You are obliged to register details of disclosable pecuniary interests in accordance with paragraphs 13(4) and 14(2).
- (5) Any interests notified to the Monitoring Officer will be included in the register of interests of members and co-opted members.
- (6) A copy of the register will be available for public inspection and will be published on the Council's website.

Sensitive Interests

19.(1) This paragraph applies where you have an interest (whether or not a disclosable pecuniary interest) and the nature of the interest is such that you and the Council's Monitoring Officer, consider that disclosure of the details of the interest could lead to you or a person connected with you being subject to violence or intimidation ("sensitive interest").

- (2) If the sensitive interest is entered in the Council's register of interests of members and co-opted members, copies of the register that are made available for inspection, and any published version of the register, will not include details of the interest (but may state that you have an interest the details of which are withheld under Section 32(2) of the Localism Act 2011).
- (3) You must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any change of circumstances which means that an interest excluded under paragraph 19(2) is no longer a sensitive interest, notify the Council's Monitoring Officer asking that the interest be included in copies of the register that are made available for inspection, and any published version of the register.